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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL (Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))		Attorney Docket No.: D/A0857		Total Pages:	
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		Marina Maymin et al.			
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APPLICATION ELEMENTS See MPEP Chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.	Commissioner for Patents Box Patent Application Washington, DC 20231
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1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form (Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing) 2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification (incl. claims) (Total Pages: 14) 3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) (Total Sheets: 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Informal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Formal 4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oath or Declaration (Total Pages: 2) a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Newly executed (original or copy) <input type="checkbox"/> Unexecuted b. <input type="checkbox"/> Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed) [Note Box 5 below] <input type="checkbox"/> i. DELETION OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached deleting Inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b). 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Incorporation By Reference (usable if Box 4b is checked) The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.	6. <input type="checkbox"/> Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix) 7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (If applicable, all necessary) a. <input type="checkbox"/> Computer Readable Copy b. <input type="checkbox"/> Paper Copy (Identical to computer copy) c. <input type="checkbox"/> Statement verifying identity of above copies ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS 8. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s)) 9. <input type="checkbox"/> 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney (when there is an assignee) 10. <input type="checkbox"/> English Translation Document (if applicable) 11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copies of IDS Citations 12. <input type="checkbox"/> Preliminary Amendment 13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized) 14. <input type="checkbox"/> Small Entity Statement(s) <input type="checkbox"/> Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired 15. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (If foreign priority is claimed) 16. <input type="checkbox"/> Other:
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17. <input type="checkbox"/> If a CONTINUING APPLICATION , check appropriate box and supply the requisite information: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuation <input type="checkbox"/> Divisional <input type="checkbox"/> Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No: /					
18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS					
<input type="checkbox"/> Same as prior application <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Correspondence address below					
NAME	John E. Beck				
ADDRESS	Xerox Corporation, Xerox Square - 20A				
CITY	Rochester	STATE	NY	ZIP CODE	14644
COUNTRY	U.S.A.	TELEPHONE	716-423-3811	FAX	716-423-5240 or 716-423-2750

Attorney Docket No. D/A0857

19. ☐ Cancel in this application original claims: of the prior application before calculating the filing fee.
(At least one original independent claim is retained for this filing).

20. ☒ The filing fee is calculated below:

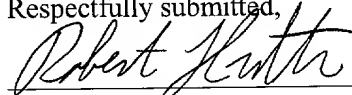
CLAIMS AS FILED, LESS ANY CLAIMS CANCELED BY ABOVE-INDICATED AMENDMENT(S)				
(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	13 - 20 =	0	X \$ 18	= \$0.00
INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(b))	1 - 3 =	0	X \$ 80	= \$0.00
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (IF APPLICABLE) (37 CFR 1.16(d))		ANY - - 0	\$ 270	= \$0.00
BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))				\$710.00
TOTAL				= \$ 710.00

21. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any filing or prosecution fees which may be required, under 37 CFR 1.16, 1.17, and 1.21 (but not 1.18), or to credit any overpayment, to Account No. 24-0025.
An additional copy of this form is enclosed.
22. ☒ This is an authorization under 37 CFR 1.136(a)(3) to treat any concurrent or future reply, requiring a petition for extension of time, as incorporating a petition for the appropriate extension of time.
23. ☐ Amend the specification by inserting before the first line the sentence:
--This application is a ☐ continuation ☐ continuation-in-part ☐ divisional
of Application(s) No(s). , filed .--
24. ☐ A CIP declaration is enclosed.
25. ☒ Power of Attorney
- a. ☐ The power of attorney appears in the original papers of the enclosed prior application.
- b. ☐ Enclosed is a copy of the declaration and power of attorney from the enclosed prior application.
- c. ☒ A new declaration with power of attorney is enclosed.

Attorney Docket No.: **D/A0857**

26. ☐ The following inventors named in the prior application are deleted per 37 CFR 1.53(b)(1), 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33 (b):
27. ☐ This application is adding one or more inventors under 37 CFR 1.48 to a previously executed application, with an enclosed: petition, fee, newly executed declaration from all inventors, and written consent of the assignee.
28. ☐ This application claims the priority benefit of one or more Provisional Application No(s). and the first sentence of this application has been or will be amended to so indicate.
29. ☐ Priority is claimed from
(reinsert all previous priority claims for the entire chain of any prior applications).
30. ☐ Other paper(s) enclosed:

Respectfully submitted,



Robert Hutter

Signature per 37 CFR 1.33 & 34

Date: 10/24/2000

Registration No. 32,418

Telephone No. 716-423-3811

ADVANCED ADMINISTRATION FUNCTIONS
FOR COPIERS AND PRINTERS ON A NETWORK

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to a system for administrating the use of various types of office equipment, such as printers, copiers, and facsimiles, which are connected over a network.

Background of the Invention

10 In the office equipment industry, it is common that different types of office equipment, such as copiers, printers, and facsimiles, exist on a network in order to communicate with various computers. In the case of a printer or digital copier, image data often originates at a computer and is communicated over the network to the copier or printer. In addition to basic functions, administrative functions
15 relating to the office equipment take place over the network as well. A key administrative function in any office is the apportionment of billing for the various functions performed by various machines. If a selected printer within a large office outputs a certain number of prints, it is desirable to assign the cost of the printing either to the human user who requested the prints, to a particular client of
20 the office for whom the prints were made, and/or to a particular job being fulfilled for the client. In other words, it is desirable to assign costs of various activities, such as printing or copying, either by user, by customer, by job, by another category, or by a combination of these categories.

 At the same time, in certain office situations, it is desirable to make
25 occasional exceptions to a standard billing policy. It may be desired to permit certain functions of certain equipment to be unbilled, such as short jobs in machines at certain locations. It may be desired to permit a color-capable printer to output monochrome prints free to the user, while requiring billing for color

prints. Also, in a realistic office situation, the necessary user, client, and job ID's may not be easily available to a user at the time the job is requested. It may be desirable to allow jobs to be output without entry of the necessary billing information, and allow the billing information to be submitted after the job is done.

5 The present invention relates to a flexible system for administering a plurality of office equipment machines, enabling a system administrator to specify what types of billing information are required for each of a variety of machines, and also specify, to individual machines in a system, what the machine should do when the required billing information is not entered at the time of job submission.

Description of the Prior Art

10 U.S. Patent 5,694,222 discloses a system for controlling access to various office equipment machines on a network. As can be seen in Figures 6A-D and 7 of the patent, there is displayed to an administrator a matrix in which the administrator can select, for each machine, the level of password protection for individual functions in the machine. For instance, as shown in Figure 7, the administrator can require entry of a password number for color prints, while allowing monochrome prints to be made without a password.

Summary of the Invention

20 According to one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of administering a plurality of machines, each machine capable of performing at least one function selected from a group of functions comprising printing, copying, finishing, scanning to a memory, sending a facsimile, and receiving a facsimile. For each function available from a selected machine of the plurality of machines, there is selected at least one type of code required for using the function. For a desired function at the selected machine, a request for entering a code of the type of code required for using the function is displayed. The machine carries out a preselected course of action if the code required for
30 using the function is not entered.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is a diagram showing the relationship of various computers, including an administrator computer, with various types of office equipment on a network;

Figure 2 is an example of a screen which is displayed to a system administrator to control individual office equipment functions, according to the present invention;

Figure 3 is an example of a screen which would be displayed when a print job is desired, according to the present invention; and

Figure 4 is a simple flowchart illustrating one aspect of the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Figure 1 is a diagram showing the administration of various types of office equipment, such as copiers, printers, scanners, and facsimiles (in general, "machines") which communicate to other equipment through network protocols generally known in the art. Over a particular network 10 may communicate any number of machines such as generally indicated as 12, which, as shown, can include printers, copiers, facsimiles, scanners, etc. It should be noted that, in the current market of office equipment, individual machines may each provide multiple functions: for example, a "digital copier" can function as a copier, a printer, and possibly a scanner or facsimile as well. Further, a color-capable machine, such as a color printer, is typically able to output monochrome prints as well. The machines 12 communicate over network 10 either with each other, or with one or more computers which also exist on the network. For purposes of the present discussion, there exists on the network an "administrator computer" indicated as 14, as well as any number of additional computers 16. The various computers such as 14 and 16 can interact appropriately with any particular machine on the network, such as to submit print jobs, send or receive facsimiles, and receive image data from scanners.

The administrator computer 14 is used to control administrative functions relating to the various machines on the network. As such, the administrator computer 14 is able to access particular control programs within each machine 12, to send or receive service messages. According to the present invention, a system administrator at administrator computer 14 is able to control the billing requirements of individual functions within individual machines 12 on the network 10.

Figure 2 is an example of a "window" which is displayed to a system administrator on administrator computer 14. The particular window shown in Figure 2 relates to the functions of one particular machine 12 on a network 10: for an administrator at computer 14 to control the billing functions of multiple machines, there will typically be provided any number of icons or file names, one icon or file name relating to each individual machine 12 available to the administrator, and the administrator selects the icon or file name of a particular machine the administrator would like to control. When the icon or file name is selected, a window such as shown in Figure 2 is displayed to the administrator for the particular machine.

With particular reference to the window shown in Figure 2, it can be seen that the window displays a matrix on the administrator computer. Along the left side of the matrix is a list of functions which a particular selected machine 12 may be capable of. For example, a simple monochrome printer would be capable of only the "print" function, but a digital copier may be capable of not only the "copy" function, but printing (that is, outputting image data at that originates from a computer), scanning to a file in the memory of a particular computer, as well as other functions. A facsimile which is controllable over the network 12 will typically have a fax send function, a fax receive function, and conceivably a scan to file function as well. A color printer or copier on the network is typically able to output not only color copies or prints, but monochrome copies or prints as well. Also shown is a function of outputting, incidental to a particular job, a certain threshold number of pages: the administrator can enter a number of pages which distinguishes a large job from a small job. Also, there may be available for a particular machine advanced

finishing functions, such as binding or booklet making, and access to these may require billing. Further, there may be higher standards for billing requirements after business hours, and discrimination by time of day may be displayed as a selectable option, as shown. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, a window associated with a particular machine will display only those functions which the particular selected machine is physically capable of providing (for instance, a machine that lacks a scanner would not be able to do copying or scanning), with the unavailable functions possibly being grayed out in the left column.

Across the top of the matrix in Figure 2 is a list of possible billing codes that may conceivably be required to access a particular function on a particular selected machine: these particular codes, such as user ID, account number, client, matter #1, matter #2, as shown under the heading "required codes." Typically, at least one of these possibly required codes relates to a user of the particular machine (in the claims, a "user ID"), while another required code relates to an account relevant to the particular job being requested by the user (in the claims, a "billing code"). This code relating to an account could identify a client of the office to whom the bill should ultimately be related to, or a particular job associated with a particular client. According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, there may be displayed for selection any number of types of codes which may need to be entered into a particular machine for obtaining a particular function thereof. The window shown in Figure 2 specifies codes for a user, an account, and a client, as well as to miscellaneous matter numbers: however, according to a particular implementation, any number of variations on the general concept are possible, and provision can be made (in further windows, not shown) for customization of the column headings.

The matrix in Figure 2 includes a check box at every intersection of a function of a machine with a selectably required code. By selecting a particular check box, such as with a mouse, the administrator can select which types of billing are required for different functions. Thus, for example, for a print job to be performed by a selected machine, the administrator can select that at least a user id, and account number, and a client number, are required. If the

administrator wants to allow the jobs of, for instance, fewer than 10 pages to be allowed to be output without entry of a billing code, the administrator can check the desired check boxes in the "jobs over --- pages" row, and enter the number 10 in the space, while leaving the check boxes in the print row blank. Similarly, if
5 the selected machine is color-capable, the administrator, by selecting the right combination of check boxes, can require a certain set of codes under doubly-specific conditions, such as requiring billing codes for all color jobs, or any jobs over a certain number of pages, with monochrome jobs below a certain number of pages being permitted without entering any codes. By providing this two-
10 dimensional matrix between machine functions and selectable required codes, a high degree of billing specificity is facilitated by the present invention.

Further to the right in the window shown in Figure 2, there is shown further options (in the claims, "courses of action") which effectively instruct the particular selected machine what to do if a particular function is requested by user, but not
15 all the necessary codes have been entered. In the illustrated embodiment, these options are "do anyway," "use default codes," "delete the job," or "hold the job," although variations on these basic concepts are possible. By providing these options for the cases in which the required codes have not been supplied by the user, yet another dimension of administrator controls over a selected machine is
20 possible. Depending on a particular office situation, automatic billing may not be crucial, and therefore the "do anyway" option may be desirable. In other situations, having a machine supply default codes for missing codes may be feasible, although variations on the default code concept will be described in detail below.

25 With regard to the "delete job" and "hold job" options shown in the window of Figure 2, these options relate to the fact that most types of office equipment, particularly printers and digital copiers, must temporarily retain image data in some form before outputting in the data in the form of images on paper. Even a scanner used to submit data to a memory in a computer retains data temporarily,
30 and of course a facsimile scans and prints data to and from a memory. If, under certain conditions, a "delete job" option is selected for a particular function, if the necessary required codes are not entered incidental to the job being requested,

then the image data is either deleted from a particular memory, or never retained in a memory to begin with; in such a case, the image data relevant to the job must be resubmitted, along with the mandated billing codes, in order to a complete the job successfully.

5 In the case of the "hold job" option, if a particular function is requested without at least one of the required codes being entered, the image data relating to the job can nonetheless be retained in a memory at the particular machine selected for use. This image data can be retained in the machine in any number of forms: in the case of printing, the image data can be retained its basic PDL
10 format, such as in PCL or Adobe® PostScript™, or alternately can be decomposed by the printer and held in an uncompressed or lightly compressed form for essentially immediate submission to printing hardware once the necessary codes are entered. The image data can similarly be held in situations where some functions are authorized while other functions are not. For instance,
15 if the system administrator has selected that basic printing functions can be performed without a certain code, but access to advanced finishing options, such as booklet making or using deluxe cover stock, require a particular code, a print job may be submitted to the machine which is suitable for printing but not for finishing. In such a case, a design option is to permit the machine to decompose
20 the image data and retain it temporarily but not output sheets until the appropriate codes are entered for finishing, or the finishing option request is withdrawn.

 With the "hold job" option, provision is made (such as in further windows, not shown) for allowing the administrator to specify how long data is retained at
25 a particular machine in expectation of receiving all of the required billing codes. This retention period, which depends highly on the overall capacity of a system relative to its user population, can conceivably range from an hour to several days. After the particular time for retaining data is expired, the machine can either delete the data, or simply allow the data to be overwritten within a buffer
30 memory. Indeed, it is conceivable that a system can be set up wherein certain users or accounts, as identified by an input user ID or account numbers, can be given longer or shorter image data holding times than others.

Figure 3 is an example of a request for entry of user ID and other account-related codes which would appear either at that a user interface, for a "walk up" job such as at a copier or facsimile, or alternately appear as a pop-up window after image data is submitted over the network to a particular printer. According to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, in order to avoid user confusion, only of those functions which are selected to require a particular entry of a code appear in the window for filling in by a user. In other words, if a particular type of code is not required for a particular situation, no window implying that such code should be submitted is displayed to the user. Of course, which particular code requests are displayed the user will depend on of the particular function desired by a user at the time. In the case of printing from a computer, the code request will preferably appear right after it the job is sent to the printer; in the case of a copy or scanning job, the code request window can appear wherever a document handler is raised, or when originals are loaded into the document handler. Further according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, the windows requiring entry of particular codes can include visual cues as to a desired format of the required information. For example, if a particular code is in an intended format of four letters followed by four numbers, the window can include a visual cue such as ABCD-1234, and so forth. Once again, further screens available to the administrator (not shown) can be used for such customization of the code requests.

As mentioned above, a selectable option for the administrator in cases where a particular function is requested from a machine but the necessary codes have not been entered is entering a predetermined default code in place of the code that was not entered, and running the job anyway. According to aspects of the present invention, this system of using default codes can be brought to a sophisticated level in order to meet the business requirements surrounding a particular system. In the most basic implementation of using default codes, if a job is requested and a particular code, such as the user ID, is not entered, a default code is read from a memory within administrator computer 14 and placed in the user ID field for billing purposes. A slightly more sophisticated system can make the particular default code for the user ID dependent on the identity of the

particular machine being operated; the assumption being that, if the printer in Mr. X's office is being used, it is probably being used by Mr. X. Similarly, if the user ID is entered but no account number or a matter number is entered, default values for the account number or matter number can be selected based on a the
5 user ID: once again, the assumption is that, because Mr. X usually works for account ABC, if Mr. X is using the printer, he is probably working on account ABC.

According to a particular aspect of the present invention, there may be provided, within administrator computer 14, provision to set up what can be
10 called "super users," "super accounts," "super matters," and so forth. In the case of a "super user," who might be, for example, the owner of the company, submission of the owner's user ID may in itself enable unbilled access to all functions (or at least more functions than are normally available). A similar concept can attach to certain account numbers, wherein entry of certain account
15 numbers enable access to certain functions which are not generally available. In either case, the particular properties of a super user or super account may depend on the machine ID of the particular machine being used, the machine ID being typically communicated to an administrator in a manner invisible to users whenever the machine is used. For instance, a particular super user, as
20 identified by his user ID, may be permitted unbilled access to the one machine near his office, but would not enjoy such privileges with regard to other machines in the building. Setting up these super user and super account relationships with regard to particular machines could be made the subject of another matrix-type display similar to that shown in Figure 2.

25 Figure 4 is a simple flowchart showing the basic steps of implementing the super user or super account concept within a particular machine. First, the machine ID is read. When the job is requested, an entered user ID can be checked to see if the user ID is that of a super user, and if it is, the default codes can be entered into the remaining fields if they are not already filled with relevant
30 data; once again, the particular default codes may be made dependent on a the machine ID of the particular machine being used. The same concept, as can be

seen, can apply to the use of super account codes, super matter codes, and so forth.

In the above discussion of the present invention, a distinction must be made between entering codes purely for purposes of access, and entering codes relating to a final billing report. When mere access to a particular function within a machine is the only requirement, typically only a user ID would be necessary: either a particular human user is authorized to use a particular machine, or not. In the billing context, however, not only is the identity of the human user requesting a particular job relevant, but also the associated client and account codes, and any other metric may be relevant. These "accounting codes," as described in the claims, can be used to identify a user, a job, an account to which the job will be billed, and a matter to which the job is relevant, a particular client perhaps having a number of matters ongoing simultaneously. All of these account codes will eventually appear in one or another billing statement, either as a printed document or at the very least as a file in a computer memory. Thus, according to the present invention, a key step is organizing data relating to various jobs by a plurality of codes, not only a user ID, but by account, client, matter, and so forth. Also, within the billing context of the present invention, access in itself need not be restricted, as evidenced by the fact that the administrator can select the "do anyway" option when required codes are not entered. In other words, the present invention relates to a system of administrating the use of office equipment, such that individual jobs are properly billed to suitable entities; while this function may effectively overlap a restriction of access to certain machines, by the terms of the claims, the present invention is related to billing of functions and not purely access to functions.

CLAIMS:

1. A method of administrating a plurality of machines, each machine capable of performing at least one function selected from a group of functions comprising printing, copying, finishing, scanning to a memory, sending a facsimile, and receiving a facsimile, comprising the steps of:

selecting, for each function available from a selected machine of the plurality of machines, at least one type of code required for using the function;

for a desired function at the selected machine, displaying a request for entering a code of the type of code required for using the function; and

the machine carrying out a preselected course of action if the code required for using the function is not entered.

2. The method of **claim 1**, wherein the at least one type of code required for using the function is a billing code.

3. The method of **claim 1**, wherein the step of selecting at least one type of code required for using the function includes selecting as a first type of code a user ID, and selecting as a second type of code a billing code.

4. The method of **claim 1**, one preselected course of action including having the machine perform the function.

5. The method of **claim 1**, one preselected course of action including having the machine hold data relating to the function for a predetermined amount of time.

6. The method of **claim 1**, one preselected course of action including having the machine hold data relating to the function until the code required for using the function is entered.

7. The method of **claim 1**, one preselected course of action including entering a default code instead of the required code.

8. The method of **claim 1**, wherein the default code is dependent on a machine code associated with the selected machine.

9. The method of **claim 1**, wherein the step of selecting at least one type of code required for using the function includes selecting as a first type of code a user ID, and selecting as a second type of code a billing code, and wherein the default code for the billing code is dependent on the user ID.

10. The method of **claim 1**, further comprising the step of displaying a set of selectable types of codes which can be required to use a function in a selected machine.

11. The method of **claim 1**, further comprising the step of displaying a set of selectable types of codes which can be required to use each of a plurality of functions in a selected machine, whereby a first set of types of codes may be selected to be required for a first function and a second set of types of codes may be selected to be required for a second function.

12. The method of **claim 1**, further comprising the step of displaying a set of selectable courses of action to be the preselected course of action if the code required for using the function is not entered.

13. The method of **claim 1**, further comprising the step of for each of a plurality of functions available for a selected machine, displaying a set of selectable courses of action to be the preselected course of action if the code required for using the function is not entered, whereby a first course of action is related to a first function and a second course of action is related to a second function.

ABSTRACT

In an administrative program controlling a plurality of printers and copiers, an administrator is provided with a matrix whereby different billing requirements can be associated with different discrete functions, such as printing, scanning, faxing, and finishing, within a single machine. The administrator is provided with options to control the behavior of the machine when required billing codes are not entered, such as holding image data relating to a requested job in a machine until the required billing codes have been entered.

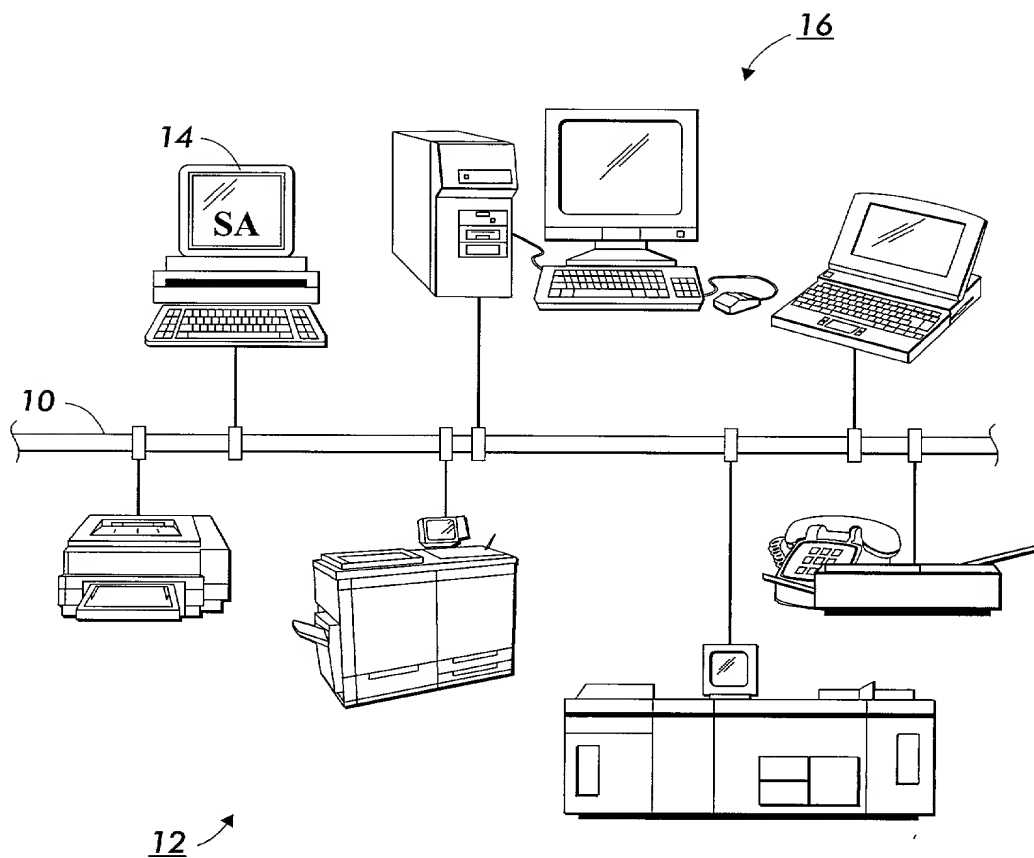


FIG. 1

Code requirements for DC265T East Side - Floor 20

	User ID	Account No.	Client	Matter #1	Matter #2	Do Anyway	Default	Delete	Hold
Required Codes									
Copy	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Print	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Scan-to-File	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Fax Send	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Fax Receive	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Color Print/Copy	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Jobs over <input type="text" value="15"/> Pages	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Finishing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
After Hours	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

FIG. 2

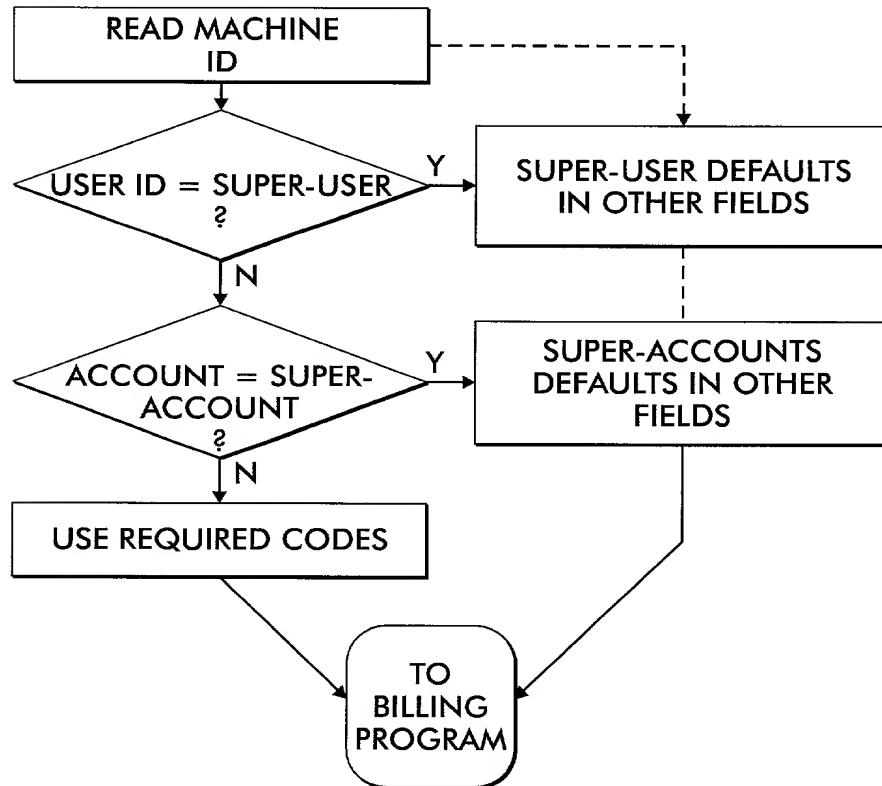
FIG. 3

User Log-in [X]

You have requested a print job of 24 pages.
The following codes are required to be entered:

Your User ID: (abcdef)
 Account Code: (123-ABC)
 Matter Number: (1234)

OK
Cancel

**FIG. 4**

PATENT APPLICATION

Attorney Docket No. D/A0857

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: **ADVANCED ADMINISTRATION FUNCTIONS FOR COPIERS AND PRINTERS ON A NETWORK**

the specification and claims of which

☒ are attached hereto OR ☐ was filed on _____ as U.S. Application No. _____

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56.

I hereby claim priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign or U.S. Provisional application(s) for patent listed below, and have also identified below any foreign application(s) or Provisional application(s) for patent having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign or U.S. Provisional Application(s)

(Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year Filed)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following registered practitioners to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

John E. Beck	Reg. No. 22,833;	Henry Fleischer	Reg. No. 25,582;
Ronald F. Chapuran	Reg. No. 26,402;	Eugene O. Palazzo	Reg. No. 20,881;
Mark Costello	Reg. No. 31,342;	Denis A. Robitaille	Reg. No. 34,098;
Richard B. Domingo	Reg. No. 36,784;	Robert Hutter,	Reg. No. 32,418

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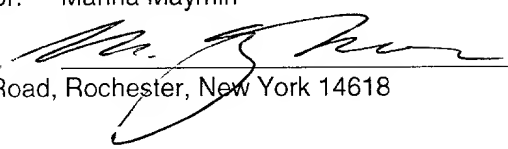
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Robert Hutter
716-423-3811

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under §1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY, continued

Name of sole or first inventor: Marina Maymin

Inventor's Signature: 

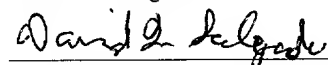
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Name of second joint inventor: David L. Salgado

Inventor's Signature: 

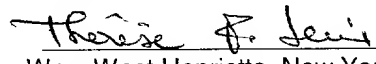
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Name of third joint inventor: Therese F. Leni

Inventor's Signature: 

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